# **West Bonner County School District No. 83**

Financial Report June 30, 2016

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Certified Public Accountants Business Consultants





#### **Report of Independent Auditor**

Board of Trustees West Bonner County School District No. 83 Priest River, Idaho

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Bonner County School District No. 83 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Bonner County School District No. 83, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, the budgetary comparison schedule on page 45, the schedule of funding progress — other postemployment benefits on page 47, and the schedules of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions on pages 48 and 49, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual General Fund and nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual General Fund and nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual General Fund and nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

DeCoria, Marchel + Jeague, P.S.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a separate report dated September 26, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DeCoria, Maichel & Teague, P.S.

Spokane, Washington

September 26, 2016

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of West Bonner County School District No. 83 provides an overall narrative review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. Information contained in this section is supplemented by the more detailed information contained elsewhere in the District's financial statements, notes to financial statements and any accompanying supplementary information. To the extent this discussion contains any forward-looking statements of the District's plans, objectives, expectations and prospects, the actual results could differ materially from those discussed herein.

The number of students attending West Bonner schools averaged 1,085 students over the entire school year. Our average daily student attendance generated 58.17 units on the July 15<sup>th</sup> state payment for salary and benefit apportionment. The total reimbursement for last fiscal year was \$3,356,456.50 for salaries and \$636,719.79 for benefits.

The District has had a supplemental levy in place since 2000 that has been used for instructional expenditures, capital purchases and facility improvements. These supplemental levies have been voter-approved levies to provide funding for such items as textbooks, technology, teacher training, furniture, buses, school and library supply funds, extracurricular equipment funds and funding facility needs.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 increased \$380,414, which represents a 47.2% increase from fiscal year 2015.
- In the governmental funds, General Fund revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 account for \$9,644,491 and \$9,734,101, or 84% and 84% of total revenues, respectively. The General Fund consists of the General Fund (Fund 100), Medical Insurance Fund, Contingency Fund, Supplemental Levy Fund, and General Grants Fund. Other state and federal fund revenues, in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions, accounted for \$1,814,886 and \$1,880,186, or 16% and 16% of total revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- In the governmental funds, General Fund expenditures for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 account for \$9,219,211 and \$9,021,601, or 83% and 81% of total expenditures, respectively. Other state and federal fund expenditures accounted for \$1,891,530 and \$2,079,142, or 17% and 19% of total expenditures for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

- The General Fund's fund balance was \$1,455,681 and \$1,102,546 for fiscal years ending 2016 and 2015, respectively. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$353,135 from 2015 to 2016.
- Long-term debt increased by \$1,280,427 from 2015. This increase was due primarily to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 requirement to report on the Statement of Net Position the District's proportionate share (\$2,856,440) of the PERSI Base Plan's net pension liability.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**District-Wide Financial Statements.** The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and include all assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by state revenues, property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instruction, and capital assets programs.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, which can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental fund information does not report on long-term commitments as is reported in the district-wide statements. Therefore, reconciliations of the differences between the governmental funds and the district-wide statements are included as separate statements.
- **Fiduciary funds** The District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for student scholarship trust funds, employee's cafeteria plan funds, and student activity funds. The assets of these organizations belong to the organization, and not the District. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

**Notes to Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process.

The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund.

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the Uniform Guidance (formerly, OMB Circular A-133), can be found in this report.

#### **DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Net Position.** Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$1,186,899 as of June 30, 2016.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment); less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

**Table 1** presents the District's summarized Statements of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

# Table 1 Statements of Net Position

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOUCRCES	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	% Change
Current Assets	\$ 3,149,448	\$ 2,695,489	16.8%
Noncurrent Assets	2,736,117	2,808,423	-2.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	815,875	819,568	5%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,701,440	6,323,480	6.0%
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current Liabilities	1,486,746	1,376,639	8.0%
Noncurrent Liabilities	3,236,602	1,952,504	65.8%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	791,193	2,187,852	-63.8%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,514,541	5,516,995	04%
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,736,117	2,808,423	-2.6%
Restricted for Program Requirements	77,952	77,455	.6%
Restricted for Replacement of Plan Equipment	37,768	37,767	0%
Designated for Specific Purposes	525,096	325,645	61.3%
Unrestricted Net Position	(2,190,034)	(2,442,805)	10.3%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 1,186,899	\$ 806,485	47.2%

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Changes in net position. As shown in Table 2, the District relies significantly on state support (53%) for funding of its governmental activities. Additionally, local property tax support accounts for 28% of the District's governmental activities. The District had total revenues of \$11,450,922. Total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$380,414.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

REVENUES	2016	2015
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$52,920	\$49,931
Operating grants and contributions	1,726,881	1,795,210
General Revenue:		
Property taxes, general purposes	3,225,758	3,211,905
State aid, unrestricted	6,038,537	6,156,981
Federal Forest	53,885	49,519
Interest and investment earnings	90	241
Other local sources	348,351	357,454
Gain on disposal of capital assets	4,500	4,500
Total Revenues	11,450,922	11,625,741
EXPENSES		
Instructional services	\$5,768,367	\$5,557,680
Support services	4,673,721	4,420,547
Non-instructional services	593,232	560,414
Capital asset programs	4,903	119,878
Debt service	30,285	27,336
Total Expenses	11,070,508	10,685,855
Change in net position	380,414	939,886
Net position, beginning of year	806,485	(133,401)
Net position, end of year	\$1,186,899	\$806,485

Governmental Activities. The following table presents the cost of the District's major functional activities: instructional programs, support service programs, non-instruction programs, capital asset program, and principal and interest. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

EXPENDITURES	2016	2015	% Change
Instructional programs	\$4,860,284	\$4,620,640	5.2%
Support service programs	4,344,107	4,000,460	8.6%
Non-instructional programs	51,128	72,400	-29.4%
Capital asset programs	4,903	119,878	-95.9%
Debt service	30,285	27,336	10.8%
Net Expenses	\$9,290,707	\$8,840,714	5.1%
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$3,225,758	\$3,211,905	0.4%
Interest and investment earnings	90	241	-62.7%
Other local revenue	352,851	361,954	-2.5%
State assistance and reimbursements	6,038,537	6,156,981	-1.9%
Other federal revenues	53,885	49,519	8.8%
Net Revenues	\$9,671,121	\$9,780,600	-1.1%

Net cost of governmental activities was financed primarily by general revenue, which is primarily made up of state support payments of \$6,038,537 for 2016 and \$6,156,981 for 2015. Investment earnings accounted for \$90 in 2016 and \$241 for 2015 of total revenues.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,499,821, an increase of \$353,136, which includes a contingency reserve balance of \$810,558. The contingency reserve balance is a committed fund balance and can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Trustees. The District has restricted fund balances totaling \$115,720 for General Fund grants and bus acquisitions. Restricted fund balance can only be spent on specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The District has an assigned fund balance of \$205,567 for the Medical Insurance Fund and an assigned fund balance of \$319,629 for instruction. Assigned fund balances are those balances that are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS, CONTINUED

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The District adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. The budget is then often amended later in the fiscal year, typically in February or March, following determination of the first attendance period and certification of all levies on property taxes.

State revenues are primarily driven through the measurement of attendance for the first nine weeks of the school year. The changes in state revenues due to this snapshot in time for the purposes of wage and benefits appropriation were addressed in the December amendment process.

#### CAPTIAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** West Bonner County School District No. 83 has \$2,736,117 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. These assets are made up of a broad range of items including buildings, improvements, transportation equipment and other equipment. The District has a \$5,000 threshold for capitalization of fixed assets. This year's major additions totaled \$225,565 and included building improvements paid by supplemental levy dollars.

**Long-Term Debt.** The District has no bonded indebtedness. The District has a total of \$3,282,688 of long-term debt, which consists of compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and pension liabilities. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability reduce the District's net position by \$24,682.

**Table 4** below shows changes in long-term debt along with current maturities.

# Table 4 Change in Compensated Absences and Current Maturities

Balance, July 1, 2015	\$49,757
Additions	81,875
Retirements/Payments	85,546
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$46,086

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 12 included in this report.

# WEST BONNER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 83 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

Currently known factors that will impact the District's financial status in the future are:

- The District relies solely on state support for salaries, benefits and fixed costs such as utilities and fuel. This approach to budget-building makes it more difficult each year to present an adopted budget without budget reductions. Since our state revenues are generated by student enrollment and average daily attendance, the percentage of time a student attends school determines the funding level for that student. The current funding levels from state support do not pay 100% of the District's salaries and benefits. Any expenses above state reimbursed salaries and benefits are paid by entitlement funds or *Discretionary Funds* and voter approved supplemental levy funds.
- Discretionary Funds are paid through state support to the District on a per unit dollar amount units are calculated from student average daily attendance. The average entitlement amount paid to school districts since 2000 is \$23,338 per unit. Each year fixed costs such as fuel and utilities have increased substantially, yet the funding school districts receive to pay these costs have not increased at the same rate or level. West Bonner County School District must be able to pay for its fixed costs and sometimes the Board must make budget reductions to have a balanced budget.

FY	Entitlement	Inc(Decr)	% Change
1999-2000	\$ 23,217.27		
2000-01	24,440.40	\$ 1,223.13	5.27%
2001-02	22,935.54	(1,504.86)	-6.16%
2002-03	23,128.74	193.20	0.84%
2003-04	24,447.00	1,318.26	5.70%
2004-05	24,450.00	3.00	0.01%
2005-06	24,695.00	245.00	1.00%
2006-07	25,436.00	741.00	3.00%
2007-08	25,442.00	6.00	0.02%
2008-09	25,696.00	254.00	1.00%
2009-10	25,459.00	(237.00)	-0.92%
2010-11	21,795.00	(3,664.00)	-14.39%
2011-12	19,626.00	(2,169.00)	-9.95%
2012-13	19,706.00	80.00	0.41%
2013-14	20,000.00	294.00	1.49%
2014-15	22,401.00	2,401.00	12.01%
2015-16	23,868.00	1,467.00	6.55%

# WEST BONNER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 83 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

• On March 10, 2015 the District's voters approved a two-year supplemental levy that primarily supports the District, the co-curricular and extra-curricular programs, and facility improvements. Due to the state reductions throughout the years, the District is unable to continue to fund these expenditures from its General Fund discretionary dollars. These expenditures will continue to be supplemental levy expenditures until such time the state supports the funding of these programs.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

West Bonner County School District Jennifer Phillips, Business Manager JenniferPhillips@sd83.org 134 Main Street Priest River, Idaho 83856 (208) 448-4439

#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Statement of Net Position - District-Wide June 30, 2016

			ernmental ctivities
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) Receivables (Note 7) Prepaid expenses Inventory	Tetal		1,298,116 1,816,850 15,031 19,451
Noncurrent assets:	Total current assets		3,149,448
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization (Note 8)			2,736,117
	Total assets		5,885,565
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability (Note 14)			815,875
Т	Total deferred outflows of resources		815,875
I I A DII VENEC			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned grant revenue Accrued compensated absences, due within one year (Note 12)			229,246 1,187,916 23,498 46,086
	Total current liabilities		1,486,746
Noncurrent liabilities: Other postemployment benefit obligations, net (Note 13) Net pension liability (Note 14)	Total noncurrent liabilities  Total liabilities		380,162 2,856,440 3,236,602 4,723,348
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability (Note 14)			791,193
	Total deferred inflows of resources		791,193
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 15 and 17)			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for program requirements Restricted for replacement of plant equipment Designated for specific purposes Unrestricted net position	Total net position	(	2,736,117 77,952 37,768 525,196 (2,190,134) 1,186,899
	Total net position	Ψ	1,100,077

#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Statement of Activities - District-Wide Year Ended June 30, 2016

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Instruction:				
Elementary programs	\$ 2,441,812	\$ -	\$ 525,902	\$ (1,915,910)
Secondary programs	1,774,362	-	81,772	(1,692,590)
Alternative school program	106,600	-	-	(106,600)
Vocational education	199,097	-	-	(199,097)
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs	920,622	-	281,609	(639,013)
Interscholastic and school activity programs	306,876	-	18,800	(288,076)
Summer school	18,998			(18,998)
Total instruction	5,768,367		908,083	(4,860,284)
Support services:				
Attendance, guidance and health	417,305	-	1,797	(415,508)
Special services	402,836	-	-	(402,836)
Instruction improvement and educational media	982,539	-	251,840	(730,699)
District administration	267,373	-	58,289	(209,084)
School administration	618,475	-	17,688	(600,787)
Business operations	268,201	-	-	(268,201)
Custodial and maintenance	1,107,976	-	-	(1,107,976)
Transportation	609,016			(609,016)
Total support services	4,673,721		329,614	(4,344,107)
Non-instruction programs:				
Child nutrition program	589,311	52,920	485,263	(51,128)
Community service programs	3,921	-,-,-	3,921	-
Total non-instruction programs	593,232	52,920		(51,128)
Capital asset programs	4,903			(4,903)
Debt service	30,285	-	-	(30,285)
Total capital assets and debt service	35,188			(35,188)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,070,508	\$ 52,920	\$ 1,726,881	(9,290,707)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,070,308	\$ 32,920	\$ 1,720,881	(9,290,707)
	GENERAL REV	VENUES		
	Property taxes, g	eneral purposes		3,225,758
	Interest and inves	stment earnings		90
	Other local source	es		348,351
	State aid, unrestr	icted		6,038,537
	National forest re	eserve		53,885
	Gain on disposal	of capital assets		4,500
		Tot	al general revenue	9,671,121
		Cha	nge in net position	380,414
	Total net position, beginning of year			806,485
		Total net po	osition, end of year	\$ 1,186,899

### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS		General Fund	Gov	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total evernmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory Due from other funds	\$	1,197,900 1,443,373 15,031 - 312,519	\$	100,216 373,477 - 19,451	\$	1,298,116 1,816,850 15,031 19,451 312,519
Total assets	\$	2,968,823	\$	493,144	\$	3,461,967
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned grant revenue Due to other funds	\$	226,818 986,857 - 90,500	\$	2,428 201,059 23,498 222,019	\$	229,246 1,187,916 23,498 312,519
Total liabilities		1,304,175	-	449,004		1,753,179
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property tax revenue		208,967		<u>-</u>		208,967
Total deferred inflows of resources		208,967		-		208,967
Fund balances: Nonspendable:		15 021				15 021
Prepaid expenses Inventories		15,031		- 19,451		15,031 19,451
Restricted for: Program requirements Replacement of plant equipment Committed for:		77,952 -		37,768		77,952 37,768
Unforeseen expenditures		810,558		-		810,558
Assigned to: Instruction Support services Unassigned		319,629 205,567 26,944		- (13,079)		319,629 205,567 13,865
Total fund balances		1,455,681		44,140		1,499,821
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	•		•		•	3,461,967
resources and fund balances	\$	2,968,823	\$	493,144	\$	3,401,907

West Bonner County School District No. 83
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds with the Statement of Net Position - District-Wide June 30, 2016

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position - District-Wide are different because:

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,499,821
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is \$	13,126,944	
Accumulated depreciation is	(10,390,827)	
		2,736,117
Property taxes receivable will be collected, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period liabilities, and are therefore		
reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		208,967
Noncurrent liabilities, including accrued compensated absences other postemployment benefit obligations and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds:		
Accrued compensated absences, due within one year	(46,086)	
Other postemployment benefit obligations, net	(380,162)	
Net pension liability	(2,856,440)	
		(3,282,688)
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources pertaining to the net pension liability are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets or liabilities in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	815,875	
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(791,193)	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	24,682
Total net position - District-Wide	_	\$ 1,186,899

#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property taxes	\$ 3,238,713	\$ -	\$ 3,238,713
Interest and investment earnings	90	-	90
Other local revenue	348,351	52,920	401,271
State assistance and reimbursements	6,038,537	93,949	6,132,486
National Forest Reserve	-	53,885	53,885
Other federal revenues	18,800	1,614,132	1,632,932
Total revenues	9,644,491	1,814,886	11,459,377
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction:			
Elementary programs	1,791,816	523,613	2,315,429
Secondary programs	1,696,198	81,772	1,777,970
Alternative school program	106,291	-	106,291
Vocational education	209,549	-	209,549
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs	653,327	281,609	934,936
Interscholastic and school activity programs	309,893	-	309,893
Summer school	18,956		18,956
Total instruction	4,786,030	886,994	5,673,024
Support services:			
Attendance, guidance and health	399,091	1,797	400,888
Special services	423,303	-	423,303
Instruction improvement and educational media	733,570	251,840	985,410
District administration	187,927	58,289	246,216
School administration	607,989	17,688	625,677
Business operations	269,810	-	269,810
Custodial and maintenance Transportation	1,104,794 526,617	-	1,104,794 526,617
•			
Total support services	4,253,101	329,614	4,582,715
Non-instruction programs: Child nutrition programs	13,514	576,814	500 229
Community service programs	13,314	3,921	590,328 3,921
Total non-instruction programs	13,514	580,735	594,249
Capital asset programs Debt service	136,281 30,285	94,187	230,468 30,285
Total capital assets and debt service	166,566	94,187	260,753
Total expenditures	9,219,211	1,891,530	11,110,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	425,280	(76,644)	348,636
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	_	4,500	4,500
Transfers from (to) other funds	(72,145)	72,145	-
Net changes in fund balances	353,135	1	353,136
Total fund balances, beginning of year	1,102,546	44,139	1,146,685
Total fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,455,681	\$ 44,140	\$ 1,499,821

West Bonner County School District No. 83
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds with the Statement of Activities - District-Wide
Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities - District-Wide are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 353,136
Capital outlays to purchase capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities - District-Wide, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount by which depreciation, \$297,871, exceeds capital outlays, \$225,565, during the current fiscal year.	(72,306)
Some property taxes will not be collected until several months after the District's fiscal year end, and therefore will not be available to pay liabilities of the current period. Accordingly, they are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. They are, however, recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities - District-Wide. The change in unearned property taxes during the current fiscal year is an adjustment.	(12,955)
In the Statement of Activities - District-Wide, certain operating expenses (e.g., compensated absences) and certain non-pension retirement benefits (e.g., other postemployment benefits) are measured by the amount earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (i.e., the amount actually paid). In the current year, compensated absences and other postemployment benefits earned exceeded compensated absences and other postemployment benefits paid	(13,281)
In the Statement of Activities - District-Wide, pension expense (revenue) is actuarially determined and adjusted by amortization of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. In the governmental funds, however, pension expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (i.e., the amount of contributions actually paid). The difference between contributions paid and the changes in the District's proportionate share of the Base Plan's net pension liability and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources is an adjustment.	125,820
Change in net position - District-Wide	\$ 380,414

### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS		Student AFLAC Scholarship Cafeteria Plan Fund Fund		Student Activity Funds		
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents		\$	2,022	\$ 38,448	\$	154,050
	Total assets		2,022	\$ 38,448	\$	154,050
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities: Deposits due to employees Due to student groups			-	\$ 38,448	\$	154,050
	Total liabilities		_	\$ 38,448	\$	154,050
NET POSITION						
Held for benefit of others		\$	2,022			

# West Bonner County School District No. 83 Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Student Scholarship Fund	
Additions:			
Interest and investment earnings		\$	211
	Total additions		211
Deductions:			
Scholarships			902
	Total deductions		902
	Change in net position		(691)
Net position, beginning of year			2,713
	Net position, end of year	\$	2,022

#### 1. Organization

West Bonner County School District No. 83 ("the District") is governed by a locally elected five-member Board of Trustees ("the Board"), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education in western Bonner County. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding entities. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, since board members are elected by the public; have decision-making authority; have the power to designate management; have the responsibility to significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the District has no component units which are required to be included in its reporting entity.

#### 2. District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements* — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments (GASB No. 34) defines the financial reporting requirements and the reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The financial information required by GASB No. 34 includes:

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management's discussion and analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities in a narrative format. An analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations is included to assist users in assessing whether the financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

#### <u>District-Wide Financial Statements</u>

The district-wide financial statements, including the Statement of Net Position – District-Wide and the Statement of Activities – District-Wide, report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. These statements report the *governmental activities* of the District. Governmental transactions are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

In general, the effect of interfund transactions has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transactions between the District's governmental and fiduciary activities. Elimination of these transactions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Statement of Activities – District-Wide presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. The District does not charge indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information on the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *Governmental* and *Fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, with each displayed separately.

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

The budgetary comparison schedule is presented as required supplementary information to demonstrate whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the District's legally adopted budget (see Note 4). The District may revise the original budget over the course of the year for various reasons. Under the reporting model prescribed by GASB No. 34, budgetary information continues to be provided, and includes comparisons of the District's original adopted budget to the final budget and actual results.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The district-wide and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements stipulated by the provider have been met and satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable when the amount of the transaction can be determined, and available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and early retirement liabilities, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund:</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The revenue of the fund consists primarily of local property taxes and state funds. This is a budgeted fund, and any unassigned or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Student Scholarship Fund:</u> The Student Scholarship Fund is a private-purpose trust fund used to account for funds donated for scholarships awarded to graduating seniors who will be attending college, vocational or technical training schools. This fund does not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

<u>AFLAC Cafeteria Plan Fund:</u> The AFLAC Cafeteria Plan Fund is an agency fund used to account for funds withheld from employees' paychecks for reimbursement of medical expenses. This fund has no net position, assets are equal to liabilities, and it does not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

<u>Student Activity Funds:</u> The Student Activity Funds are agency funds used to account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds have no net position, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

#### 4. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- b) Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees and published.
- d) The final budget is then filed with the State Department of Education. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the functional level. The legal level of budgetary control is the functional level at which the Board must approve any over-expenditures of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the budget was amended to reflect revised revenue and expense estimates. The amendment was properly approved by the Board of Trustees.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and standards. The District has adopted and applied all applicable GASB pronouncements, including GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of Statement No. 68 was to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. This statement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources and expenses. For defined benefit pension plans, this statement identified the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information about pensions are also addressed. Statement No. 68 became effective for the District beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Implementation required the restatement of amounts previously not reported as liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources on the District's Statement of Net Position – District-Wide as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of Statement No. 71 was to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68. The issue related to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement amended paragraph 137 of Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement No. 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The provisions of Statement No. 71 were required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68.

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The objective of Statement No. 72 is to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. Statement No. 72 is effective for the District beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Implementation did not have a material impact on the District's financial results.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of Statement No. 75 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Statement No. 75 is effective for the District beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The District is currently evaluating the financial statement impact of adopting this statement.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The objective of Statement No. 79 is to address accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant. Statement No. 79 is effective for the District beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Implementation did not have a material impact on the District's financial results.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the District in its governmental funds is pooled for investment purposes. Interest earned on the balances in the pooled accounts is allocated to the participating funds in proportion to the average daily balances in each fund. The District considers investments in the cash management pool and all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Additionally, deposits in the State of Idaho Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), if any, are available to the District on demand and, accordingly, are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Investments

At times, the District invests in the LGIP. Investments are authorized by Board policy as permitted by Idaho Code, section 67-1210. Deposits in the LGIP are stated at fair market value, which approximates cost, and consist of local certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and U.S. government securities.

#### Inventories

Inventories, which consist of food supplies, are reported at the lower of cost (first-in, first out) or net realizable value, or if donated, at fair value when received. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Donated food commodities are reported in the Child Nutrition Fund as revenue and expense when received.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the district-wide financial statements and as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation. If historical cost is unknown, estimated historical cost is used. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation, less accumulated depreciation. Costs of routine repairs and maintenance that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the related assets are not capitalized. The District uses a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. When capital assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and associated accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recorded in the Statement of Activities – District-Wide.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is calculated on capital assets using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of those assets, as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings, building improvements and portable units	20 to 40
Furniture and equipment	3 to 20
Buses	8
Other vehicles	3 to 5

#### Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, establishes a fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value, that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the District's own assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of: Level 1 – quoted market prices in active markets for identical instruments; Level 2 – inputs other than Level 1 inputs that are observable; and Level 3 – unobservable inputs developed using estimates and assumptions determined by the District. At June 30, 2016, there were no assets or liabilities of the District that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Fair Value Measurements, Continued

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis, but are subject to fair value adjustments only in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). The District had no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during 2016.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Liabilities shown on the governmental fund financial statements are those that have become due and payable at the end of the fiscal year, which are expected to be paid during the upcoming fiscal year, and are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. On the district-wide financial statements, liabilities that become due and payable within one year after the financial statement date are included in current liabilities, while liabilities that become due and payable after that time are shown as noncurrent liabilities.

#### Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences* (GASB No. 16). Compensated absences consist of accumulated personal and vacation leave balances that are unpaid by the financial statement date. All eligible employees of the District receive personal leave at the beginning of the year. In accordance with GASB No. 16, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay.

Under the terms of agreements with the local education association, employees earn vacation in amounts that vary based on tenure and classification. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation for all eligible employees.

Accumulated personal and vacation leave that has become due and payable at the end of the fiscal year, which is expected to be paid during the upcoming fiscal year, is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. The District has reported all accumulated personal and vacation leave as a current obligation in the district-wide financial statements. The District's management believes that any accumulated personal and vacation leave that is not expected to be utilized by employees during the upcoming fiscal year is immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. When an employee terminates employment with the District, unused personal and vacation leave hours are paid at the employee's current hourly rate.

#### Postemployment Benefit Obligations Other than Pensions

The District maintains a postemployment benefit plan, available to all employees of the District who become eligible for these benefits if they remain employed until normal retirement age. Eligible retirees may participate in the District's healthcare plan by paying premiums equal to those charged for the District's active employees. The District does not explicitly contribute towards the cost of these benefits for retirees. While the District does not directly contribute towards the cost of benefits for retirees, the ability to obtain coverage at an active employee rate constitutes a significant economic benefit to the retirees, called an "implicit subsidy" under GASB No. 45 (see Note 13).

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan), and additions to, or deductions from, the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows, and liabilities plus deferred inflows. Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operating income, nonoperating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following four components.

*Net investment in capital assets.* This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position. This component of net position consists of amounts subject to constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Designated net position.* This component of net position consists of amounts that have been designated by the Board of Directors to be set aside for future capacity-related and capital improvements.

*Unrestricted net position.* This component of net position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets," "restricted" or "designated."

#### Use of Restricted Resources

When expenditures qualify to be paid out of both restricted and unrestricted resources, it is the policy of the District to use restricted resources first.

#### **Fund Balances**

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB Statement No. 54), defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB Statement No. 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the following fund balance classifications (see Note 16):

*Nonspendable:* The portion of fund balance that is not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid expenses, if any;

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Fund Balances, Continued

*Restricted:* The portion of fund balance that can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation;

Committed: The portion of fund balance that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Trustees (the District's highest level of decision-making authority);

Assigned: The portion of fund balance that is intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed; and

*Unassigned:* The residual portion of fund balance for the District's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not included in the other classifications.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. An appropriation equal to the outstanding year-end encumbrance is made in the succeeding year. Unspent appropriations lapse at year-end.

The District's encumbrance policy is for fiscal year-end individual encumbrances exceeding \$50,000 to be considered significant encumbrances. All encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported either as committed fund balance or assigned fund balance in the General Fund, or as restricted fund balance in other funds, if any (see Note 16). At June 30, 2016, there were no significant encumbrances.

#### Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. First, nonspendable fund balances are determined. Then, restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including nonspendable amounts). Then, any remaining fund balance amounts for governmental funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance.

It is possible for governmental funds other than the General Fund to have negative unassigned fund balances when non-spendable amounts plus restricted amounts exceed the positive fund balance.

#### 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Property Taxes**

In accordance with Idaho State Law, an ad valorem property tax is levied in September for each calendar year. Taxes are recorded by the District using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Levies are made on the second Monday of September. All of the personal property taxes are due on or before June 20 of the following year. One-half of the real property taxes are due on or before both June 20 and December 20 of the following year. Unpaid property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year. Notice of foreclosure is filed with the County Clerk on property three years from the date of delinquency. The property tax revenue is budgeted for the ensuing fiscal year. Bonner County acts as an agent for the District in both the assessment and collection of property taxes. The County remits tax revenues to the District monthly, with the majority of the collections being remitted in January and July.

#### **Grant Revenue**

The District receives financial assistance from governmental agencies in the form of grants, which are accounted for in special revenue funds. Revenue is deemed earned and thus recognized when applicable program expenditures are recorded. Funds received but not earned at June 30, 2016 are recorded as unearned grant revenue.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates and affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

#### **Subsequent Events**

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 26, 2016, the date as of which these financial statements were available to be issued. With the exception of the item described in Note 15, no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2016 that required recognition or disclosure in these financial statements.

#### 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits held in checking accounts and a money market account with a local bank. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's bank deposits at the financial institution were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 at June 30, 2016.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016 appears in the financial statements as summarized below:

Cash and cash equivalents, Statement of Net Position – District-Wide
Cash and cash equivalents, Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds

1,298,116
194,520
\$ 1,492,636

#### 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Continued

Bank balances at June 30, 2016 totaled \$1,507,705. The differences between the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents on the District's books and the bank balances consisted of outstanding checks and deposits not processed by the bank as of June 30, 2016.

A summary of the total insured and uninsured bank balances at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Total bank balances	\$ 1,507,705
Portion insured by FDIC	 (250,000)
Uninsured balances	\$ 1,257,705

#### 7. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Property taxes receivable	\$	1,008,825
Delinquent property taxes receivable		208,967
State support receivable		79,512
Grants receivable		504,046
Accounts receivable	_	15,500
Total receivables	\$	1,816,850

Property taxes receivable consist of property taxes levied and received within the first 60 days after June 30, 2016.

Delinquent property taxes receivable consist of property taxes levied but not collected as of June 30, 2016, or within 60 days after June 30, 2016. These amounts have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

State support receivable consists of revenues due to the District under the State's school district funding model that were received in July and August 2016.

Grants receivable consist of revenues earned by the District from various local, state or federal grants that were not received by the District as of June 30, 2016.

No allowance has been made for uncollectible amounts, as management believes any such potential amounts are immaterial.

### 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2016
Buildings, building improvements and					
portable units	\$ 9,933,915	\$ 68,752	\$	\$	\$10,002,667
Furniture and equipment	1,118,712	69,976			1,188,688
Buses	1,615,238	86,837		(52,533)	1,649,542
Other vehicles	94,116				94,116
Capital assets in service	12,761,981	225,565		(52,533)	12,935,013
Accumulated depreciation	(10,145,489)	(297,871)		52,533	(10,390,827)
	2,616,492	(72,306)			2,544,186
Land	191,931				191,931
Total capital assets	\$ 2,808,423	<u>\$ (72,306)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,736,117</u>

Depreciation expense recorded in the Statement of Activities – District-Wide was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services:	
Elementary programs	\$ 88,910
Secondary programs	83,596
Alternative school program	617
	173,123
Support services:	
Instruction improvement and educational media	3,348
District administration	15,541
Custodial and maintenance	11,505
Transportation	89,443
	119,837
Non-instruction programs:	
Child nutrition program	4,911
	<u>\$ 297,871</u>

#### 9. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables arise primarily from one fund holding cash on behalf of another fund in order to limit the number of bank accounts held by the District. Interfund receivables and payables may also arise from one fund making payments on behalf of another fund to cover expenditures until grant reimbursements are received. When grant reimbursements are received, the paying fund is reimbursed for the payments made on behalf of the receiving fund.

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

<u>Due To</u>	<u>Due From</u>	4	Amount
General Fund	Medical Insurance Fund	\$	90,500
General Fund	Vocational Education Fund		4,603
General Fund	Title I-A Fund		95,248
General Fund	Title VI Part B Fund		46,511
General Fund	Title VI Part B Preschool Fund		1,607
General Fund	Carl Perkins Fund		27,637
General Fund	Title II-A Fund		3,557
General Fund	GEAR UP Fund		18,583
General Fund	21st Century Fund		24,273

#### 10. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

Transfer From	<u>Transfer To</u>	Reason	Amount
General Fund	General Grants	Cover grant shortfall	\$ 5,442
General Fund	Supp Levy 14-15	Cover levy revenue shortfall	9,580
General Fund	Supp Levy 12-13	Cover levy revenue shortfall	100
General Fund	Contingency	Transfer carryover balance	138,102
General Fund	Child Nutrition	To cover Food Services deficit	45,981
General Fund	Bus Acquisition	Transfer depreciation funds	70,152
General Grants	General Fund	Transfer carryover balance	131,869
Supplemental Levy 15-16	General Fund	Budgeted transfer for shortfall	2,119,456
Supplemental Levy 15-16	Bus Acquisition	Bus purchase	12,186
Medical Insurance	General Fund	Budgeted transfer for insurance	90,500
Federal Forest	General Fund	Budgeted transfer	53,885
Title VI-B	General Fund	Indirect cost	1,467
Title VI-B Preschool	General Fund	Indirect cost	822

#### 11. Short-Term Borrowings

The District had no short-term borrowings outstanding at June 30, 2016, nor were there any short-term borrowings or repayments during the year then ended.

## 12. Accrued Compensated Absences

A summary of the changes in accrued compensated absences of the District for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

									Due
	Balance					F	Balance		Within
	June 30,	Ob	oligations	О	bligations	J	une 30,		One
	 2015	Incurred		Paid		2016		Year	
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 49,757	\$	81,875	\$	(85,546)	\$	46,086	\$	46,086

### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District offers medical, dental, long-term care, prescription drug and vision insurance benefits to its retirees and their dependents, accounted for as an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB). All employees of the District may become eligible for these benefits if they remain employed until normal retirement age. Additionally, employees who are eligible for early retirement may also become eligible for these benefits. The District does not explicitly contribute towards the cost of these benefits for retirees.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 (GASB No. 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions established standards for measurement, recognition and reporting of non-pension postemployment benefits, including medical, dental, long-term care, prescription drug and vision insurance benefits offered to retirees of the District. Historically, the District did not recognize any expense associated with this plan because the District did not explicitly contribute towards the cost of these benefits for retirees. However, the ability for retirees to obtain coverage at rates similar to active employees constitutes a significant economic benefit to the retirees. GASB No. 45 requires that the District recognize the implicit cost of its retiree postemployment benefit plan during the period of the employees' active employment while the benefits are being earned. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is required to be disclosed in order to accurately account for the total future cost of postemployment benefits and the financial impact on the District.

### Plan Description

Employees who have attained the normal retirement age of 65, or the early retirement age of 55, and completed 5 years of contractual service with the District are eligible to retire and participate in the District's healthcare plan by paying premiums equal to those charged for the District's active employees. Spouses and eligible dependent children of retirees may also be covered. The District does not explicitly contribute towards the cost of these benefits for retirees.

The ability to participate in the District's health plans by self-paying the premiums ends at age 65.

## 13. Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

#### **Funding Policy**

As required by GASB No. 45, an actuary determines the District's Annual Required Contributions (ARC) at least once every two fiscal years. The ARC is calculated in accordance with certain parameters, and includes (1) the Normal Cost for one year, and (2) a component for amortization of the total unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

GASB No. 45 does not require pre-funding of other postemployment benefits. Therefore, the District's funding policy is to continue to pay premiums, including the resulting implicit subsidies, for retirees as they become due. The District has elected not to establish an irrevocable trust at this time.

The Board of Trustees reserves the authority to review and amend this funding policy from time to time, in order to ensure that the funding policy continues to best suit the circumstances of the District.

## Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contributions Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contributions	\$ 97,603 15,436 (14,528)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made <sup>(1)</sup>	98,511 (81,559)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligations, beginning of year	16,952 363,210
Net OPEB obligations, end of year	\$ 380,162

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Calculated as an implicit rate subsidy based on the number of retirees per month multiplied by retireemonths of coverage during the year. The total of \$81,559 is credited against the District's cost to provide health insurance for active employees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the actual contribution, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

					Percentage of		
Fiscal		Annual		Actual	Annual OPEB	N	let OPEB
Year Ending	Ol	PEB Cost	Contribution		Cost Contributed		Obligation
June 30, 2016	\$	98,511	\$	81,559	82.79%	\$	380,162
June 30, 2015		99,211		56,570	57.02%		363,210
June 30, 2014		81,322		38,203	46.98%		319,770

## 13. Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

		Projected				
		Unit Credit				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
<u>Date</u>	Assets	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>
July 1, 2014	\$	\$ 931,719	\$931,719	0.00% \$	6,056,417	15.38%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the Annual Required Contributions of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information on page 47, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (i.e., the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that time. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The plan's most recent actuarial valuation was performed as of July 1, 2014. In that valuation, the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Cost Method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and an annual medical cost trend rate of 9.1% for plan year 2014, based on actual plan renewal rates, with plan year 2015 having a medical cost trend rate of 7.5%, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5% after 7 years. Additionally, the assumptions included a participation rate of 45.0% and a projected annual payroll increase of 2.5%. The District's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis over 25 years.

## 13. Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, Continued

Several factors have caused the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) to change since the previous valuation date of July 1, 2012. These factors include, but are not limited to, the passage of time; increases in healthcare premiums greater than anticipated; changes in actuarial methods and assumptions; and changes in plan eligibility and benefit provisions. The estimated changes in the AAL from July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2014, the two most recent valuation dates, are summarized as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2012	\$ 710,650
Passage of time	(17,491)
Claim cost experience change	384,968
Retiree contribution change	(148,457)
Census and other changes	2,049
Actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2014	<u>\$ 931,719</u>

## 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the PERSI Board, which is comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members be Idaho citizens who are not members of the Base Plan, except by reason of having served on the Board.

## **Pension Benefits**

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (five months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

## 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan, Continued

#### Pension Benefits, Continued

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases, up to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

## Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates, which are expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess of the rates needed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2016, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for members was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$697,678, \$687,273 and \$662,080 for the three years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$2,856,440 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the Base Plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate allocation was 0.002169167.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized net pension revenue of \$125,820.

Year Ending June 30,

# 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan, Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense (Revenue)</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$	342,426	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	104,027			
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments			448,767	
Change in proportionate share	14,170			
Contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date	697,678			
Total	<u>\$ 815,875</u>	\$	791,193	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, in the amount of \$697,678, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability and included in pension expense in the year ending June 30, 2017.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) was determined at July 1, 2014, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, is 5.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

2017	\$ (289,862)
2018	(289,862)
2019	(289,862)
2020	215,823
2021	(19,233)

39

\$ (672,996)

## 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan, Continued

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%
Salary increases 4.25 – 10.00%
Salary inflation 3.75%
Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments 1.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male police/firefighters
- Forward one year for female police/firefighters
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2015 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan, Continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000 / Russell 3000	55%	6.90%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15%	7.55%
1 6 1			
Assumed inflation – mean			3.25%
Assumed inflation – standard devia	ation		2.00%
Portfolio arithmetic mean return			8.42%
Portfolio standard deviation			13.34%
Portfolio long-term expected rate of	of return		7.50%
Less: assumed investment expense	S		0.40%
•			
Long-term expected rate of return,	net of investment expenses		<u>7.10%</u>

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the Base Plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

# 14. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan, Continued

## Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or higher than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease ( <u>6.10%</u> )	С	urrent Rate ( <u>7.10%</u> )	1% Increase ( <u>8.10%</u> )
Employer's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,957,250	\$	2,856,440	\$ (552,846)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Base Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

## Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the District reported \$170,088 in payables to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer contributions or employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

### 15. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Operating Leases

During 2014, the District entered into an office equipment lease for eight copiers, which was accounted for as an operating lease. The lease requires monthly payments of \$2,470 and has a remaining term of two months. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$29,641.

Future minimum rental payments required under the office equipment operating lease are as follows:

## Year Ending June 30,

2017 \$ 4,940

Subsequent to June 30, 2016, the District entered into a new office equipment lease for copiers, which will be accounted for as an operating lease.

## 15. Commitments and Contingencies, Continued

#### Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims did not exceed coverage during any of the past three fiscal years.

Additionally, the District is aware of one significant outstanding claim relating to an incident that occurred during 2012, which is expected to go to trial during October 2016. If the claim results in an unfavorable ruling, and the claim is not covered by insurance or exceeds insurance coverage, there exists a reasonable possibility of a material adverse impact on the District for the period in which the ruling occurs, or future periods. However, in the case of an unfavorable ruling, management expects the claim to be fully covered by insurance, and therefore, no liability has been accrued.

### **Litigation**

The District is occasionally named as a defendant in lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying district-wide financial statements and, accordingly, no provision for loss has been recorded.

## **Grants and Contracts**

The District receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the District's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the terms and conditions governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required, and the collectability of any related receivables at June 30, 2016 may be impaired. Based on prior experience, the District's administration believes such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

## 16. Fund Equity

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of five categories (see Note 5). Specific amounts reported as committed and assigned are summarized below:

<u>Committed</u>: The District's Committed Fund Balance is fund balance reporting required by the District's Board of Trustees, either because of a Board policy or because of motions that passed at Board meetings. At June 30, 2016, amounts reported as Committed Fund Balance represent unforeseen expenditures, totaling \$672,457, which is reported within the General Fund.

<u>Assigned:</u> The District's Assigned Fund Balance is fund balance reporting occurring by the Board administration authority, as designated by the District's superintendent. At June 30, 2016, amounts reported as Assigned Fund Balance represent General Fund amounts available to be used on District expenditures in accordance with the above policy.

## 16. Fund Equity

Restrictions of net position reported in the district-wide financial statements are established to either (1) satisfy legal covenants that require that a portion of the fund balance be segregated or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriable for future expenditures. Specific restrictions on net position are summarized below:

<u>Program Requirements:</u> The amount is restricted for expenditures in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant and contract agreements.

<u>Replacement of Plant Equipment:</u> The amount is restricted for capital outlay expenditures, in accordance with Idaho State statutes.

## 17. Economic Dependency

The District receives a large portion of its funding from the State of Idaho. Therefore, the District is economically dependent on the State of Idaho for its continued operations.



					Actual Modified		Varia Positive/(			
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			unts	Accrual			Original		Final
	Orig	inal		Final		Basis		to Final	1	to Actual
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 3,	139,371	\$	3,139,371	\$	3.238.713	\$	_	\$	99,342
Interest and investment earnings	Ψ 5,	387	Ψ	387	Ψ	90	Ψ	_	Ψ	(297)
Other local revenue		5,000		12,727		348,351		7,727		335,624
State assistance and reimbursements	5,9	989,145		6,109,377		6,038,537		120,232		(70,840)
Other federal revenues	,	´-		-		18,800		-		18,800
Total revenues	9,	133,903		9,261,862		9,644,491		127,959		382,629
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction:										
Elementary programs	1.9	886,968		1,827,393		1,791,816		59,575		35,577
Secondary programs		552,366		1,830,790		1,696,198		(178,424)		134,592
Alternative school program		108,935		107,098		106,291		1,837		807
Vocational programs		221,505		210,021		209,549		11,484		472
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs		541,907		643,139		653,327		(1,232)		(10,188)
Interscholastic and school activity programs		359,653		335,807		309,893		23,846		25,914
Summer school		17,767		18,958		18,956		(1,191)		2
Total instruction	4,8	889,101		4,973,206		4,786,030		(84,105)		187,176
Support services:										
Attendance, guidance and health	2	257,982		277,182		399,091		(19,200)		(121,909)
Special services		465,862		425,147		423,303		40,715		1,844
Instruction improvement and educational media		591,527		896,891		733,570		(305,364)		163,321
District administration		168,737		174,495		187,927		(5,758)		(13,432)
School administration		596,374		609,603		607,989		(13,229)		1,614
Business operations	2	284,804		273,576		269,810		11,228		3,766
Custodial and maintenance	1,	194,215		1,124,664		1,104,794		69,551		19,870
Transportation		562,360		561,037		526,617		1,323		34,420
Total support services	4,	121,861		4,342,595		4,253,101		(220,734)		89,494
Non-instruction programs:										
Child nutrition programs		_		_		_		_		_
Community service programs		13,900		13,900		13,514		-		386
Total non-instruction programs		13,900		13,900		13,514		-		386
Capital asset programs		170,881		171,432		136,281		(551)		35,151
Debt service		29,822		34,527		30,285		(4,705)		4,242
Total capital assets and debt service		200,703		205,959		166,566		(5,256)		39,393
Total expenditures	9,2	225,565		9,535,660		9,219,211		(310,095)		316,449
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(91,662)		(273,798)		425,280		(182,136)		699,078
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers from (to) other funds		45,281		(41,637)		(72,145)		(86,918)		(30,508)
Net change in fund balance		(46,381)		(315,435)		353,135		(269,054)		668,570
Total fund balance, beginning of year	1,	102,546		1,102,546		1,102,546		-		
Total fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,0	056,165	\$	787,111	\$	1,455,681	\$	(269,054)	\$	668,570

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule June 30, 2016

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis of accounting used in the governmental funds financial statements.

## 2. Expenditures in Excess of Budgeted Amounts

As disclosed in Note 1 above, the budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared in conformance with the presentation used in the preparation of the Governmental Funds financial statements. This presentation differs from the account groupings required by Idaho Statutes for Board of Trustees' budgetary control at the functional level, as described in Note 4 to the Financial Statements. As a result, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund at page 45 discloses three instances in which actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures. In fact, there were no instances in which General Fund expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures at the functional levels required by Idaho Statutes.

# West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits June 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	V	etuarial alue of Assets ( a )	A	actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) ( b-a )		Funded Ratio ( a/b )		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
July 1, 2008	\$	-	\$	757,500	\$	757,500	0.00	)%	\$ 6,364,467	11.90%	
July 1, 2010		-		657,446		657,446	0.00	)%	6,181,194	10.64%	
July 1, 2012		-		710,650		710,650	0.00	)%	6,122,257	11.61%	
July 1, 2014		-		931,719		931,719	0.00	)%	6,056,417	15.38%	

## West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability - PERSI Base Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

Fiscal Year	Employer's Portion of NPL	Pro	nployer's portionate nre of NPL (a)	mployer's Covered loyee Payroll (b)	Employer's NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
2015 2016	0.002158908 0.002169167	\$	1,589,294 2,856,440	\$ 6,071,306 6,163,227	26.18% 46.35%	94.95% 91.38%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2015.

## West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Employer Contributions - PERSI Base Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

Fiscal Year	F	atutorily Required ntribution (a)	E	Actual mployer ntribution (b)	E (Def	ribution xcess iciency) b-a)	Employer's Covered bloyee Payroll ( c )	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll (b/c)
2014	\$	662,200	\$	662,080	\$	(120)	\$ 5,849,827	11.32%
2015		687,272		687,273		1	6,071,306	11.32%
2016		697,677		697,678		1	6,163,227	11.32%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016.

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Notes to PERSI Base Plan Schedules June 30, 2016

# 1. Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015.

# 2. Changes in Composition of the Population

There were no changes in the composition of the population during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015.

# 3. Changes in Assumptions

There was a single change in actuarial assumptions during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015. The range for salary increases decreased from 4.50 - 10.25% to 4.25 - 10.00%.



#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund June 30, 2016

			General Fund	Medical nsurance Fund	Сс	ontingency Fund	Deplemental Levy 012-2013	•	pplemental Levy 013-2014	plemental Levy 14-2015	pplemental Levy 015-2016	General Grants Fund	Total General Fund
ASSETS		-											
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory Due from other funds	Total assets	\$ \$	642,818 375,966 15,031 - 312,519 1,346,334	\$ 296,067 - - - - - 296,067	\$	810,558 - - - - - 810,558	\$ - - - - -	\$	62,581 12,552 - - - 75,133	\$ 89,892 7,743 - - - - 97,635	\$ (702,905) 916,544 - - - 213,639	\$ (1,111) 130,568 - - - - 129,457	\$ 1,197,900 1,443,373 15,031 - 312,519 2,968,823
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned grant revenue Due to other funds	,	\$	159,528 935,864 -	\$ - - - 90,500	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 40,053 26,725 -	\$ 27,237 24,268 - -	\$ 226,818 986,857 - 90,500
	Total liabilities		1,095,392	90,500					_		 66,778	51,505	1,304,175
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property tax revenue			208,967	-		_	-		-	_	-		208,967
Total deferred inflo	ows of resources		208,967	-		-	-		-	-	 	 -	 208,967
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Inventories Restricted for:			15,031	- -		- -	- -		- -	-	- -	-	15,031
Program requirements Replacement of plant equipment Committed for:			-	- -		- -	-		-	-	- -	77,952 -	77,952 -
Unforeseen expenditures Assigned to:			-	-		810,558	-		-	-	-	-	810,558
Instruction Support services Unassigned			- - 26,944	205,567		-	-		75,133 -	97,635	146,861	-	319,629 205,567 26,944
•	al fund balances		41,975	 205,567		810,558			75,133	97,635	 146,861	 77,952	 1,455,681
Total liabilities, o		\$		\$ 296,067	\$	,	\$ -	\$	75,133	\$ 97,635	\$ 213,639	\$ 129,457	\$ 2,968,823

See Report of Independent Auditor. 51

# West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		Total on-Major State Funds	Total on-Major Federal Funds	N	Child Jutrition Fund	Ac	Bus equisition Fund	Gov	Total on-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory Due from other funds	\$	23,498 6,206 - -	\$ 17,185 364,773 - -	\$	21,765 2,498 - 19,451	\$	37,768 - - - -	\$	100,216 373,477 - 19,451
Total assets	\$	29,704	\$ 381,958	\$	43,714	\$	37,768	\$	493,144
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCI	ES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned grant revenue Due to other funds	\$	690 913 23,498 4,603	\$ 753 163,789 - 217,416	\$	985 36,357 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	2,428 201,059 23,498 222,019
Total liabilities		29,704	 381,958		37,342				449,004
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property tax revenue  Total deferred inflows of resources			 						
			 				<u>-</u>		
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Inventories Restricted for:		- -	- -		- 19,451		- -		- 19,451
Program requirements		-	-		-		-		-
Replacement of plant equipment		-	-		-		37,768		37,768
Committed for: Unforeseen expenditures		-	-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Instruction		_	_		_		_		_
Support Services		-	-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	 -		(13,079)				(13,079)
Total fund balances			 		6,372		37,768		44,140
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	29,704	\$ 381,958	\$	43,714	\$	37,768	\$	493,144

# West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major State Funds June 30, 2016

	Edu	rivers leation und	Ed	cational ucation Fund	chnology Grant Fund	Fr	ate Drug ee Grant Fund	Total on-Major State Funds
ASSETS					,			
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory Due from other funds	\$	- - - -	\$	- 6,206 - - -	\$ 4,874 - - - -	\$	18,624 - - - -	\$ 23,498 6,206 - -
Total assets	\$	-	\$	6,206	\$ 4,874	\$	18,624	\$ 29,704
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<del></del>							 
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned grant revenue Due to other funds	\$	- - - -	\$	690 913 - 4,603	\$ - - 4,874 -	\$	18,624	\$ 690 913 23,498 4,603
Total liabilities				6,206	 4,874		18,624	 29,704
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property tax revenue					 		-	 
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			 			 -
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Inventories Restricted for:		- -		- -	- -		-	- -
Program requirements Replacement of plant equipment		-		-	-		-	-
Committed for: Unforeseen expenditures Assigned to:		-		-	-		-	-
Instruction Support services Unassigned		- - -		- - -	 - - -		- - -	 - - -
Total fund balances							-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	-	\$	6,206	\$ 4,874	\$	18,624	\$ 29,704

#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Federal Funds June 30, 2016

ACCETTO	Fo	deral orest und	tle I-A Fund	I	itle VI Part B Fund	Part I	itle VI Preschool Fund	l 	REAP Fund	Carl Perkins Fund		itle II-A Fund	G:	EAR UP Fund	21s	t Century Fund		Total on-Major Federal Funds
ASSETS																		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$	- - -	\$ - 181,203 - -	\$	14,466 81,244 -	\$	3,270 -	\$	2,719 328 -	\$ 28,021 - -	\$	- 15,778 - -	\$	23,112	\$	31,817	\$	17,185 364,773 -
Due from other funds		-	 -		-				-	 								
Total assets	\$	-	\$ 181,203	\$	95,710	\$	3,270	\$	3,047	\$ 28,021	\$	15,778	\$	23,112	\$	31,817	\$	381,958
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	31	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 384	\$	-	\$	-	\$	338	\$	753
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		-	85,955		49,168		1,663		3,047	-		12,221		4,529		7,206		163,789
Unearned grant revenue  Due to other funds		-	95,248		46,511		1,607		-	27,637		3,557		18,583		24,273		217,416
Total liabilities		-	 181,203		95,710		3,270		3,047	 28,021		15,778		23,112		31,817		381,958
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property tax revenue		-	 -		-					 -								
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-		-				-	 		-		-		-		
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Inventories		-	- -		- -		- -		- -	- -		- -		- -		- -		- -
Restricted for:																		
Program requirements Replacement of plant equipment		-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Committed for:		-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Unforeseen expenditures		-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Instruction		_	_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_
Support services		-	_		-		-		_	_		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	 -		-				-	 -		-						
Total fund balances		-	-		-	_		_	-	 -	_			-	_		_	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	-	\$ 181,203	\$	95,710	\$	3,270	\$	3,047	\$ 28,021	\$	15,778	\$	23,112	\$	31,817	\$	381,958

See Report of Independent Auditor. 54

#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES		General Fund	Insu	dical rance und	Conting Fund			Demental Levy 12-2013		lemental Levy 3-2014	•	plemental Levy 14-2015	Supplemental Levy 2015-2016		General Grants Fund	Total General Fund
		\$ 171,025	\$		•		s		\$	65,348	\$	84,295	\$ 2,918,045	\$		\$ 3,238,713
Property taxes Interest and investment earnings		90	<b>3</b>	-	\$	-	Þ	-		-	Þ	- 04,293	\$ 2,918,043	Ф	-	90
Other local revenue		-		117,549		-		-		-		-	-		230,802	348,351
State assistance and reimbursements		5,882,200		-		-		-		-		-	-		156,337	6,038,537
Other federal revenues															18,800	18,800
	Total revenues	6,053,315		117,549		-		-		65,348		84,295	2,918,045		405,939	9,644,491
EXPENDITURES																
Instruction:																
Elementary programs		1,760,503		-		-		-		30		6,909	15,966		8,408	1,791,816
Secondary programs		1,651,391		-		-		-		4,529		23,464	15,823		991	1,696,198
Alternative school program		105,061		-		-		-		12		-	1,218		-	106,291
Vocational education		209,549		-		-		-		145		450	- 2 112		-	209,549
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs Interscholastic and school activity programs		649,619		-		-		-		145		450 12,020	3,113 297,873		-	653,327 309,893
Summer school		18,956		-		-		-		-		-	277,673		-	18,956
	Total instruction	4,395,079	-		-					4,716		42,843	333,993		9,399	4,786,030
Command anni-	Total instruction	1,555,075								1,710		12,013	333,773	_	7,377	1,700,030
Support services: Attendance, guidance and health		219,789		_		_				_		_	43,593		135,709	399,091
Special services		423,303		-		_		_		_		-			155,767	423,303
Instruction improvement and educational media		439,266		_		_		_		_		40,454	121,591		132,259	733,570
District administration		166,563		20,101		-		-		-		-	-		1,263	187,927
School administration		607,989		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	607,989
Business operations		269,810		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	269,810
Custodial and maintenance		1,104,794		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	1,104,794
Transportation		496,580			-					-			29,652		385	526,617
	Total support services	3,728,094		20,101								40,454	194,836		269,616	4,253,101
Non-instruction programs:																
Child nutrition programs Community service programs		13,514		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	13,514
Community service programs	Total non-instruction programs	13,514	-		-				-							13,514
Capital asset programs	Total non-instruction programs	13,314	-		-			1,225				24,343	110,713			136,281
Debt service		30,285		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	30,285
To	otal capital assets and debt service	30,285				-		1,225		-		24,343	110,713		-	166,566
	Total expenditures	8,166,972		20,101				1,225		4,716		107,640	639,542		279,015	9,219,211
Excess (deficiency) of re	evenues over (under) expenditures	(2,113,657)		97,448		-		(1,225)		60,632		(23,345)	2,278,503		126,924	425,280
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_	_
Transfers from (to) other funds		2,128,642		(90,500)	13	8,102		100		-		9,580	(2,131,642)		(126,427)	(72,145)
	Net changes in fund balances	14,985		6,948		8,102		(1,125)	-	60,632		(13,765)	146,861		497	353,135
Total fund balances, beginning of year	-	26,990		198,619	67:	2,456		1,125		14,501		111,400	-		77,455	1,102,546
2 0 1	Total fund balances, end of year	\$ 41,975		205,567		0,558	\$	-	\$	75,133	\$	97,635	\$ 146,861	\$	77,952	\$ 1,455,681

See Report of Independent Auditor.

### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	Total Non-Major State Funds	Total Non-Major Federal Funds	Child Nutrition Fund	Bus Acquisition Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest and investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-
Other local revenue State assistance and reimbursements	93,949	-	52,920	-	52,920 93,949
National Forest Reserve	-	53,885	-	-	53,885
Other federal revenues		1,128,869	485,263		1,614,132
Total revenues	93,949	1,182,754	538,183		1,814,886
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Elementary programs	- 22.072	523,613	-	-	523,613
Secondary programs Alternative school program	33,863	47,909	-	-	81,772
Vocational education	-	-	-	-	-
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs	-	281,609	-	-	281,609
Interscholastic and school activity programs Summer school	-	-	-	-	-
Total instruction	33,863	853,131			886,994
Support services:			-		
Attendance, guidance and health	1,797	-	-	-	1,797
Special services	-	<u>-</u>		-	
Instruction improvement and educational media District administration	- 50 200	251,840	-	-	251,840 58,289
School administration	58,289	17,688	-	-	17,688
Business operations	-	-	-	-	-
Custodial and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	<u> </u>			
Total support services	60,086	269,528			329,614
Non-instruction programs:		_	576 914		576 914
Child nutrition programs Community service programs	-	3,921	576,814	-	576,814 3,921
Total non-instruction programs		3,921	576,814		580,735
Capital asset programs	-	-	7,350	86,837	94,187
Debt service		<del>-</del>			
Total capital assets and debt service		-	7,350	86,837	94,187
Total expenditures	93,949	1,126,580	584,164	86,837	1,891,530
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	56,174	(45,981)	(86,837)	(76,644)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sales of capital assets Transfers from (to) other funds	-	(56,174)	- 45,981	4,500 82,338	4,500 72,145
Net changes in fund balances	-	-	-	1	1
Total fund balances, beginning of year		<u> </u>	6,372	37,767	44,139
Total fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,372	\$ 37,768	\$ 44,140

## West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Non-Major State Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	Ed	rivers ucation Fund	Ed	cational ucation Fund		chnology Grant Fund	Fre	te Drug ee Grant Fund	No	Total n-Major State Funds
Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest and investment earnings	Ψ	-	Ψ.	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Other local revenue		- 7.500		-		-		1 707		-
State assistance and reimbursements National Forest Reserve		7,500		26,363		58,289		1,797 -		93,949
Other federal revenues	-	_								
Total revenues		7,500		26,363		58,289		1,797		93,949
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction:										
Elementary program		7.500		- 26.262		-		-		-
Secondary programs Alternative school program		7,500		26,363		-		-		33,863
Vocational eduction		-		-		-		-		-
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs		-		-		-		-		-
Interscholastic and school activity programs Summer school		-		-		-		-		-
		7.500		26.262						22.062
Total instruction		7,500		26,363						33,863
Support services:								1 707		1 707
Attendance, guidance and health Special services		-		-		-		1,797 -		1,797 -
Instruction improvement and educational media		-		-		-		-		-
District administration		-		-		58,289		-		58,289
School administration Business operations		-		-		-		-		-
Custodial and maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Total support services				-		58,289		1,797		60,086
Non-instruction programs:										
Child nutrition programs Community service programs		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-							
Total non-instruction programs	-	-		-		-		-		-
Capital asset program  Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Total capital assets and debt service										
Total expenditures		7,500		26,363		58,289		1,797		93,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		<del>-</del>		-		-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers from (to) other funds				-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances, beginning of year						-		-		-
Total fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

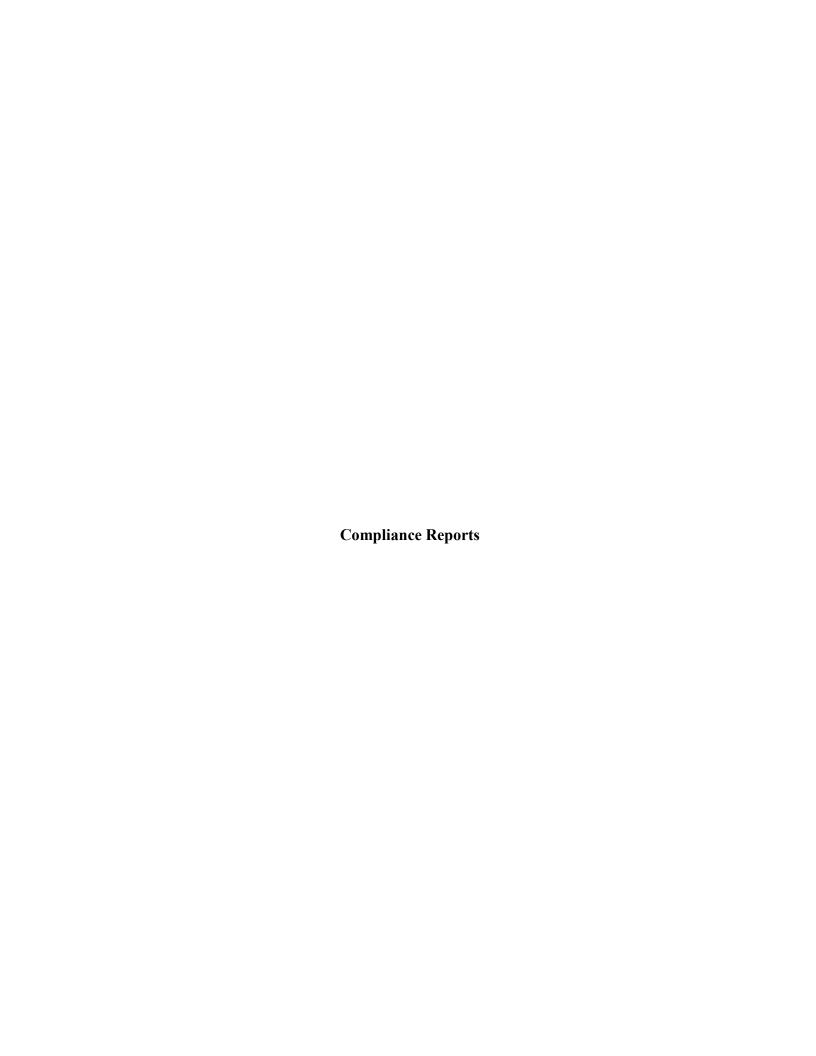
#### West Bonner County School District No. 83 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Federal Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES		Federal Forest Fund	Title I-A Fund	Title VI Part B Fund	Title VI Part B Preschool Fund	REAP Fund	Carl Perkins Fund	Title II-A Fund	GEAR UP Fund	21st Century Fund	Total Non-Major Federal Funds
Property taxes		\$ -	\$ -	S -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -
Interest and investment earnings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other local revenue State assistance and reimbursements		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
National Forest Reserve		53,885	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,885
Other federal revenues			545,222	273,433	10,465	20,947	26,962	79,640	39,905	132,295	1,128,869
	Total revenues	53,885	545,222	273,433	10,465	20,947	26,962	79,640	39,905	132,295	1,182,754
EXPENDITURES											
Instruction:											
Elementary programs		-	523,613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523,613
Secondary programs Alternative school program		-	-	-	-	20,947	26,962	-	-	-	47,909
Vocational education		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exceptional child, gifted and talented programs		-	-	271,966	9,643	-	-	-	-	-	281,609
Interscholastic and school activity programs Summer school		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total instruction		523,613	271,966	9,643	20,947	26,962				853,131
Support services:								-	-	-	
Attendance, guidance and health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special services Instruction improvement and educational media		-	-	-	-	-	-	70.640	39,905	122 205	251,840
District administration		-	-	-	-	-	-	79,640 -	39,903	132,295	231,840
School administration		-	17,688	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,688
Business operations Custodial and maintenance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation											
	Total support services	-	17,688	-	-	-	-	79,640	39,905	132,295	269,528
Non-instruction programs:											
Child nutrition programs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community service programs			3,921								3,921
	Total non-instruction programs		3,921								3,921
Capital asset programs Debt service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	otal capital accepts and daht carries				<del></del>		·	·	·		
16	otal capital assets and debt service	<u>-</u>									
	Total expenditures		545,222	271,966	9,643	20,947	26,962	79,640	39,905	132,295	1,126,580
Excess (deficiency) of re	evenues over (under) expenditures	53,885	-	1,467	822	-	-	-	-	-	56,174
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from (to) other funds		(53,885)		(1,467)	(822)						(56,174)
	Net changes in fund balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances, beginning of year								-	-		
	Total fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See Report of Independent Auditor.

# West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Changes in Student Activity Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	alances, e 30, 2015	I	Receipts	Dish	oursements	alances, e 30, 2016
Idaho Hills Elementary	\$ 7,651	\$	14,247	\$	9,937	\$ 11,961
Priest Lake Elementary	7,793		300		1,450	6,643
Priest River Elementary	29,458		29,681		32,520	26,619
Priest River Junior High	11,054		22,760		15,749	18,065
Priest River Lamanna High	69,877		193,799		173,091	90,585
PREP Alternative High School	 177				-	 177
Totals	\$ 126,010	\$	260,787	\$	232,747	\$ 154,050



Certified Public Accountants Business Consultants



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees West Bonner County School District No. 83 Priest River, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Bonner County School District No. 83 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2016.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2016-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## District's Response to the Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The sole purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DeCoria, Maichel & Teague, P.S.

DeCoria, Marchel + League, P.S.

Spokane, Washington

September 26, 2016

## West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

U.S. Department of Education   Passed Through Idaho State   Department of Education   Agencies   S010A140012   84.010   \$44,462   \$100,760   \$545,222   \$11tle II-A - Local Education Agencies   S010A150012   84.010   \$00,760   \$545,222   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A140011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150011   84.367   75,072   79,640   \$11tle II-A - Teacher Quality   S367A150010   84.173   10,464   \$1
Title I-A - Local Education Agencies
Title II-A - Teacher Quality       \$367A140011       \$4.367       \$4,568         Title II-A - Teacher Quality       \$367A150011       \$84.367       \$75,072         79,640         Special Education Cluster:         Title VI-B - Federal Special Education K-12       H027A150088       \$84.027       \$273,433         Title VI-BP - Federal Special Education Preschool       H173A150030       \$84.173       \$10,464         Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education       \$V048A140012       \$84.048       \$2,770         Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education       \$28,002       \$24,192       \$26,962         Rural Education Achievement Program       \$358B150012       \$84.358       \$14,753         Rural Education Achievement Program       \$287C150012       \$84.287       \$132,295         Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs       \$287C150012       \$84.334       \$39,905         Total U.S. Department of Health and Hu
Special Education Cluster:   Title VI-B - Federal Special Education K-12
Title VI-B - Federal Special Education K-12 Title VI-BP - Federal Special Education Preschool       H027A150088 H173A150030       84.027 84.173       273,433 10,464         Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education       V048A140012 V048A140012       84.048 84.048       2,770 24,192         Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education       V048A140012 V048A140012       84.048 84.048       24,192 24,192         Rural Education Achievement Program Rural Education Achievement Program       S358B140012 S358B150012       84.358 84.358       14,753 6,194         Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers       S287C150012 V048A140012       84.287       132,295         Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs       P334S110016 P334S110016       84.334       39,905         Total U.S. Department of Education       1,128,868     U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed Through Idaho State  Department of Education:  Children's Health Insurance Program       RC072800       93.767       18,800
Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education
Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education         V048A140012         84.048         24,192         26,962           Rural Education Achievement Program         \$358B140012         \$4.358         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         12,947         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         12,947         14,753         14,753         14,753         14,753         12,947         14,753         14,753         12,947         14,753         14,753         13,2,295         14,753         132,295         132,295         132,295         132,295         132,295         132,295         14
Rural Education Achievement Program Rural Education Achievement Program Rural Education Achievement Program S358B150012 84.358 6,194 20,947  Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers S287C150012 84.287 132,295  Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs P334S110016 84.334 39,905  Total U.S. Department of Education 1,128,868  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education: Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
Rural Education Achievement Program  S358B150012  84.358  6,194  20,947  Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers  S287C150012  84.287  132,295  Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  P334S110016  84.334  39,905  Total U.S. Department of Education  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education:  Children's Health Insurance Program  RC072800  93.767  18,800
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers S287C150012 84.287 132,295  Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs P34S110016 84.334 39,905  Total U.S. Department of Education 1,128,868  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education:  Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs P334S110016 84.334 39,905 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,128,868  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education: Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
Undergraduate Programs P34S110016 84.334 39,905 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,128,868  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education: Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed Through Idaho State  Department of Education:  Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education:  Children's Health Insurance Program RC072800 93.767 18,800
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Idaho State Department of Education:
Child Nutrition Cluster:  Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):  USDA National School Lunch Program 2016IN109947 10.555 32,583
Cash Assistance: USDA School Breakfast Program 2016IN109947 10.553 185,826
USDA National School Lunch Program 2016IN109947 10.555 219,248
USDA Summer Food Service Program for Children 2015IN109947 10.559 10,597
USDA Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants 2014IN810347 10.579 10,411 426,082
USDA Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 2016IL160347 10.582 26,599
Schools and Roads Grants to States (Forest Reserve) 10.665 53,885
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 539,149
Total Federal Financial Assistance \$ 1,686,817

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of West Bonner County School District No. 83 and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Certified Public Accountants Business Consultants





# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees West Bonner County School District No. 83 Priest River, Idaho

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited West Bonner County School District No. 38's ("the District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, West Bonner County School District No. 83 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Purpose of this Report

The sole purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

DeCoria, Maichel & Teague, P.S.

De Coria Marchel + Jeogue, P.S.

Spokane, Washington

September 26, 2016

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

## **Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results:**

#### Financial Statements

The report of independent auditor expressed an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of West Bonner County School District No. 83.

The audit of the financial statements of West Bonner County School District No. 83 disclosed a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

The significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was not considered to be a material weakness.

The audit disclosed no compliance findings material to the financial statements of West Bonner County School District No. 83.

#### Federal Awards

The report of independent auditor expressed an unqualified opinion on compliance for major programs.

The audit identified no significant deficiencies for internal control over major programs.

The audit identified no material weaknesses for internal control over major programs.

The audit disclosed no compliance findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
84.010	Title I-A – Grants to Local Education Agencies

The dollar threshold used to distinguish type A and B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

## **Section II – Financial Statement Findings:**

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of non-compliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

### **Finding 2016-001**

Condition The size of the District's staff is not large enough to permit a complete

segregation of duties for an effective system of internal control over financial

reporting.

Criteria An effective system of internal control over financial reporting requires that

closely related duties be segregated.

Effect The concentration of closely related duties and responsibilities by a small staff

makes it difficult to establish a complete system of automatic internal checks on

the accuracy and reliability of the accounting records.

Cause The District's staff is too small to allow a complete segregation of duties.

Recommendation Although the District's staff is not large enough to permit a complete

segregation of duties for an effective system of internal control over financial

reporting, we recommend that officials be aware that the condition does exist.

Management's

Management and the Board of Trustees are aware of this condition and have Response made a conscious decision to accept the resulting degree of risk because of cost

or other considerations.

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

## Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the audit findings (significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of non-compliance, including questioned costs) related to federal awards that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

There were no findings in the current year.

West Bonner County School District No. 83 Status of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2016

# **Finding 2015-001**

Condition: The size of the District's staff is not large enough to permit a complete segregation of

duties for an effective system of internal control over financial reporting.

Status: This condition still exists as of June 30, 2016. See Finding 2016-001.